



05/28/99

UTILITY PATENT APPLICATION TRANSMITTAL

(Only for new nonprovisional applications under 37 CFR 1.53(b))

Attorney Docket No.

35.G1549 CI

First Named Inventor or Application Identifier

Hirohiko Itoh et al.

Express Mail Label No.

APPLICATION ELEMENTS

See MPEP chapter 600 concerning utility patent application contents.

ADDRESS TO:

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Box Patent Application
Washington, DC 20231

1. ☒ Fee Transmittal Form
(Submit an original, and a duplicate for fee processing)

2. ☒ Specification Total Pages

3. ☒ Drawing(s) (35 USC 113) Total Sheets

4. ☒ Oath or Declaration Total Pages

a. ☐ Newly executed (original or copy)

b. ☐ Unexecuted for information purposes

c. ☒ Copy from a prior application (37 CFR 1.63(d))
(for continuation/divisional with Box 17 completed)
[Note Box 5 below]

i. ☐ DELETION OF INVENTOR(S)
Signed Statement attached deleting
inventor(s) named in the prior application,
see 37 CFR 1.63(d)(2) and 1.33(b).

5. ☒ Incorporation By Reference (useable if Box 4c is checked)
The entire disclosure of the prior application, from which a copy of
the oath or declaration is supplied under Box 4c, is considered as
being part of the disclosure of the accompanying application and is
hereby incorporated by reference therein.

6. ☐ Microfiche Computer Program (Appendix)

7. Nucleotide and/or Amino Acid Sequence Submission
(if applicable, all necessary)

a. ☐ Computer Readable Copy

b. ☐ Paper Copy (identical to computer copy)

c. ☐ Statement verifying identity of above copies

ACCOMPANYING APPLICATION PARTS

8. ☒ Assignment Papers (Copy)

9. ☐ 37 CFR 3.73(b) Statement (when there is an assignee) ☐ Power of Attorney

10. ☐ English Translation Document (if applicable)

11. ☒ Information Disclosure Statement (IDS)/PTO-1449 ☒ Copies of IDS Citations

12. ☒ Preliminary Amendment

13. ☒ Return Receipt Postcard (MPEP 503)
(Should be specifically itemized)

14. ☐ Small Entity Statement(s) ☐ Statement filed in prior application
Status still proper and desired

15. ☐ Certified Copy of Priority Document(s)
(if foreign priority is claimed)

16. ☐ Other: _____

17. If a CONTINUING APPLICATION, check appropriate box and supply the requisite information:

☒ Continuation ☐ Divisional ☐ Continuation-in-part (CIP) of prior application No. 08 /528,423

18. CORRESPONDENCE ADDRESS

☒ Customer Number or Bar Code Label

05514

or ☐ Correspondence address below

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City		State		Zip Code	
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CLAIMS	(1) FOR	(2) NUMBER FILED	(3) NUMBER EXTRA	(4) RATE	(5) CALCULATIONS
	TOTAL CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(c))	15-20 =	0	X \$ 18.00 =	\$ 0.00
	INDEPENDENT CLAIMS (37 CFR 1.16(b))	3-3 =	0	X \$ 78.00 =	\$ 0.00
	MULTIPLE DEPENDENT CLAIMS (if applicable) (37 CFR 1.16(d))			\$260.00 =	\$ 0.00
				BASIC FEE (37 CFR 1.16(a))	\$760.00
	Total of above Calculations =				\$760.00
	Reduction by 50% for filing by small entity (Note 37 CFR 1.9, 1.27, 1.28).				
	TOTAL =				\$760.00

19. Small entity status

- a. ☐ A Small entity statement is enclosed
- b. ☐ A small entity statement was filed in the prior nonprovisional application and such status is still proper and desired.
- c. ☐ Is no longer claimed.

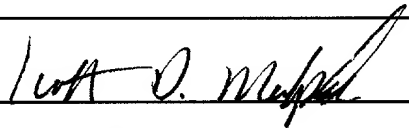
20. ☒ A check in the amount of \$ 760.00 to cover the filing fee is enclosed.

21. ☐ A check in the amount of \$ _____ to cover the recordal fee is enclosed.

22. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to credit overpayments or charge the following fees to Deposit Account No. 06-1205:

- a. ☒ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.16.
- b. ☐ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.17.
- c. ☐ Fees required under 37 CFR 1.18.

SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT REQUIRED

NAME	Scott D. Malpede, Reg. No. 32,533
SIGNATURE	
DATE	May 28, 1999

Page 9

line 17, change "are" to --is--; and
line 23, change "magneto-optic" to --magneto-optical--.

Page 11

line 8, insert --storing-- between "for" and
"various";
line 22, insert --section-- after "memory";
line 23, insert --section-- after "memory";
and
line 24, insert --storing-- between "for" and
"various".

REMARKS

The specification has been amended to improve its idiomatic English form.

Applicants intend to file a new set of claims in the near future. If the Examiner takes up the application for examination before such claims are received, the Examiner is respectfully requested to contact Applicants' undersigned representative.

Applicants' undersigned attorney may be reached in our Washington, D.C. office by telephone at (202) 530-1010.

All correspondence should continue to be directed to our
below-listed address.

Respectfully submitted,



Attorney for Applicants

Registration No. 32,533

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F511\W0181400\SEW\smj

TITLE OF THE INVENTION

Image Processing Apparatus and
Image Processing Method

5

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to an image processing
10 apparatus and an image processing method for processing
image data and, in particular, to an image processing
apparatus and an image processing method that allow image
data to be output in a desired mode.

Description of the Related Art

15 An electronic image filing apparatus has been known
which stores input image data as files in a memory that
is capable of electrical storage, making it possible for
the image data to be managed in files.

Conventional electronic image filing apparatuses,
20 used, for example, on a stand-alone basis, are comprised
of a scanner for reading original document images, a
printer for outputting image data onto recording paper or
the like for recording, a display for visibly displaying
images, a controller for controlling various processings,
25 and a storage device for storing image data in the form

of files.

Recently, a compound system has been put into practical use which can be utilized as a facsimile apparatus by using the scanner and printer of a digital copying machine and, further, a modem or the like, or
5 which develops coded data from a computer into bit map data that can be printed out by using the printer section of a digital copying machine and an interface or the like for connection to the computer.

10 As described in a U.S. patent application filed by the present applicant, Appln. No. 07/957,092 filed October 6, 1992, such compound systems are increasing in added values. For example, a system having a plurality of functions, such as a copying function, a facsimile
15 function, a printer formatter function, an electronic image filing function, and an image memory function, is formed as a single unit.

In such a compound system, a scanner section and a printer section are shared by these functions, whereas,
20 in ordinary separate systems, each of the above-mentioned functions requires its own scanner section and printer section. Thus, such a compound system helps to achieve a reduction in space and cost, advancement in performance, etc.

25 In some conventional copying machines, the sorting

or stapling of copies of documents is performed by using a sorter or a staple sorter.

When the image data of a desired file is read from a storage device and output to recording paper by a
5 printer, it is possible for the data to be output in a sorted or stapled form by setting a desired output mode, such as a sorting mode or a stapling mode, at the operating section, the output being effected in the designated mode.

10 However, when manipulating the operating section to set the desired output mode, other users cannot use the apparatus while the setting operation is being performed. That is, the apparatus is monopolized during that time by the user who is performing the setting operation.

15

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention has been made in view of the above problem in the prior art. It is an object of the present invention to provide an image processing
20 apparatus and an image processing method which help prevent the apparatus from being monopolized for a long period of time and which make it possible for image data to be output in a desired output mode.

Another object of the present invention is to make
25 it possible for the outputting of image data in a desired

mode to be effected by a simple operation.

A third object of the present invention is to distribute the processings related to the outputting of image data among other devices.

5 To achieve the above-noted objects, in a first aspect, the present invention provides an image processing apparatus comprising input means for inputting image data, image storage means for storing the image data input by the input means on a detachable storage
10 medium and output means for outputting image data stored in the image storage means in an output mode, in accordance with output mode data stored on the storage medium by another apparatus, in correspondence with the image data. The output means outputs the image data in
15 an output mode corresponding to the output mode data, without any designation from the image processing apparatus.

To achieve the above-noted objects, in a second aspect, the present invention provides an image
20 processing apparatus comprising detection means for detecting whether a detachable storage medium, on which image data and output mode data corresponding to the image data are stored, has been loaded, and output means for outputting image data corresponding to the output
25 mode data stored on the storage medium in an output mode

corresponding to the output mode data when the detection means detects that the storage medium has been loaded.

To achieve the above-noted objects, in yet another aspect, the present invention provides an image
5 processing method comprising steps of (a) storing image data on a detachable storage medium using image data output apparatus, (b) storing output mode data for outputting the image data stored in step (a), in correspondence with the image data, using apparatus that
10 is different from the image data output apparatus, (c) loading the storage medium in the image data output apparatus and (d) outputting the image data to be output in the output mode stored in step (b) without any designation from the image data output apparatus.

15 The above and further objects of the present invention will become apparent from the following detailed description with reference to the drawings.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

20 Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the control system of a compound apparatus according to a first embodiment of the present invention;

Fig. 2 is a sectional view showing the construction of the compound device of the first embodiment;

25 Fig. 3 is a block diagram showing the control system

of a reader section in the first embodiment;

Fig. 4 is a block diagram showing the control system of a core section in the first embodiment;

Fig. 5 is an explanatory diagram showing an output mode designation with respect to an output job file in the first embodiment;

Fig. 6 is an explanatory diagram showing the contents of an image output job file in the first embodiment;

Fig. 7 is a flowchart illustrating a process for preparing an image output job file in the first embodiment;

Fig. 8 is a flowchart illustrating the operation to be performed when the image output job file of the first embodiment is used; and

Fig. 9 is a front view showing computer equipment independent of an external device in the first embodiment, as well as an external storage device.

20 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

An embodiment of the present invention will now be described in detail with reference to the drawings.

Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the system configuration of a compound image input/output apparatus combining a plurality of functions.

In Fig. 1, a reader section 1 is an image input device for reading the images of originals to output image data. A printer section 2 is an image output device which has cassettes for a plurality of kinds of recording paper and which prints out image data on recording paper as visual images in response to a print command.

An external apparatus 3 is electrically connected to the reader section 1 and has various functions. That is, the external apparatus 3 includes a facsimile section 4, a file section 5, an external storage device 6 connected to the file section 5, a computer interface section 7 for connection to a computer, a formatter section 8 for converting information transmitted from the computer into visual images, an image memory section 9 for temporarily storing information transmitted from the computer, a core section 10 for controlling the above functions, etc.

Fig. 2 is a sectional view showing the construction of the reader section 1 and that of the printer section 2.

First, documents stacked on a document feeding device 101 are conveyed one by one onto a glass plate 102 constituting a document tray. When a document is brought to a predetermined position on the glass plate 102, a lamp 103 of the scanner section comes on, and a scanner

unit 104 moves to expose and scan the document. The reflected light from the document is transmitted via mirrors 105, 106 and 107 and a lens 108 before it is input to a CCD image sensor section 109 (hereinafter referred to as a "CCD").

Subsequently, an image signal input to the printer section 2 is converted to a modulated light signal by an exposure control section 201 to illuminate a photosensitive member 202. As a result of this illumination, a latent image is formed on the photosensitive member 202, which latent image is developed by a developer unit 203. Timed to the leading edge of the developed image, a sheet of transfer paper is fed from a transfer stacking section 204 or 205, and the developed image is transferred to the sheet at a transfer section 206.

The transferred image is fixed to the transfer paper in a fixing section 207, and discharged to the exterior of the device from a paper discharge section 208. When a sorter 220 is performing a sorting function, the sheets of transfer paper output from the paper discharge section 208 are discharged to different bins. When the sorting function is not being performed, the sheets are output to the uppermost bin of the sorter.

When two consecutively read images are to be

respectively output to both sides of a sheet of output paper, the first image is fixed to a sheet of output paper in the fixing section 207, and then this sheet is conveyed to the paper discharge section 208. After this, 5 the paper conveying direction is inverted to convey the sheet to a transfer paper stacking section for re-feeding 210 through a conveying direction switching member 209. Then, the image of the next document, i.e., the second image, is read by the same process as described above, 10 and transferred to the other side of the same sheet, which is fed from the transfer paper stacking section for re-feeding 210, with the result that the images of the two documents are respectively output to the first and second sides of a sheet of output paper.

15 The external apparatus 3 is connected to the reader section 1 through a cable, and the control of signals and various functions is effected by the core section in the external apparatus 3.

The external apparatus 3 includes the facsimile 20 section 4 for facsimile transmission/reception, the file section 5 for converting the information of various documents into electrical signals and storing the information on a magneto-optic disk (the external storage device 6), the formatter section 8 for developing coded 25 information supplied from the computer into image

information, the computer interface section 7 serving as an interface between the computer and the apparatus, the image memory section 9 for storing information from the reader section 1 and temporarily storing information
5 transmitted from the computer, the core section 10 for controlling the various functions mentioned above, etc.

Fig. 3 is a block diagram schematically illustrating the control system of the reader section 1.

The reader section 1 includes an A/D • SH section 110
10 for performing A/D conversion and shading compensation on the signals read by the CCD 109, an image processing section 111 for inputting image data from the A/D • SH section 110 to perform various signal processing operations, such as color detection and contour
15 processing, and a laser driver 112 for generating laser driving signals based on the image data from the image processing section 111 and supplying them to the printer section 2.

The reader section 1 further includes an interface
20 section 113 for the input/output of various signals between the reader section 1 and the above-described external apparatus 3. Image data supplied from the external apparatus 3 through the interface section 113 can be transferred to the printer section 2 through the
25 image processing section 111 and the laser driver 112.

The reader section 1 further includes an operating section 115 for performing various setting operations with respect to this system.

The reader section 1, constructed as described above, is controlled by the CPU 114 in accordance with a program stored in the memory 116. Apart from the program for controlling the CPU 114, the memory 116 is provided with storage areas for various items of data, for example.

10 Fig. 4 is a block diagram schematically showing the control system of the core section 10.

As shown in the drawing, the core section 10 includes: an interface section 120 having the function of a selector for connecting the facsimile section 4, the file section 5, the computer interface section 7, the 15 formatter section 8, the image memory 9, etc.; a data processing section 121 for performing various functions regarding input data, such as scaling and rotation; and an interface section 122 for the input and output of 20 various items of data to and from the reader section 1.

The core section 10 is controlled by a CPU 123 in accordance with a program stored in a memory 124. Apart from the control program for the CPU 123, the memory 124 is provided with storage areas for various kinds of data.

25 Next, a processing method using an image output job

file, which constitutes a feature of the present invention, will be described.

First, image data read from the reader 1 beforehand is stored on a magneto-optical disk in the external storage device 6. When this storage has been completed, the magneto-optical disk is ejected from the external storage device 6 and kept appropriately.

Next, the operation performed when an image stored in the magneto-optical disk is to be output by utilizing the image output job file will be described.

Fig. 7 is a flowchart illustrating the processing to be executed when preparing an image output job file. Computer equipment 901 and an external storage device 902, shown in Fig. 9, are apparatuses independent of the external apparatus 3.

First, the magneto-optical disk is inserted into the external storage device 902 connected to the computer equipment 901 (S1), and the data base file prepared on the magneto-optical disk is read from the application software of the computer equipment 901, thereby retrieving for the desired image file (S2).

When the desired image file is found (S3), an output mode is designated, as shown in Fig. 5 (S4). As the output mode, it is possible to designate, for example, the number of output copies, the number of output pages,

output paper size, double-sided output, sorting or stapling. These output modes are stored on the magneto-optical disk as an output job file together with a unique file number specifying the image file (S5).

5 Fig. 6 is an explanatory drawing showing an example of the contents of an output job file. As shown in the drawing, it is possible to register a plurality of output jobs. Further, the job contents allow alteration, such as erasing and addition.

10 When the registration of the desired jobs has been completed, the magneto-optical disk is ejected from the external storage device 902 (S6).

As described above, the registration of output jobs can be made on a disk-to-disk basis.

15 Next, Fig. 8 is a flowchart showing the operation of a process when using an image output job file.

First, a magneto-optical disk on which output jobs have been registered in the manner described above is inserted into the external storage device 6 (S11). A CPU
20 (not shown) in the file section detects via an SCSI controller (not shown) that the magneto-optic disc has been inserted into the external storage device 6, and reads the output job file (S12). Then, in accordance with the contents of the output job file thus read,
25 processing is performed with respect to an image file

registered in an output job out of the image data stored on the magneto-optical disk (S13).

The operation will be described with reference to the output job file shown in Fig. 6. First, the first
5 output job registered, i.e., the image file having the name of a document: "minutes", is output. The image file of the "minutes" is identified by the unique file number mentioned above. In this case, the paper size corresponding to the case when all the pages (10 pages)
10 are recorded is selected to effect double-sided printing, and five copies of the document are output in the stapled/sorted form. The other output jobs are sequentially processed in a similar manner.

As shown in Fig. 6, each of the output jobs is
15 registered in the output job file in such a way as to indicate the status (processing condition) thereof.

Apart from the output job file, it is also possible to write a log file to the magneto-optical disk. The data to be written may consist, for example, of the
20 registration data/time of the output job, the execution data/time of the output job, or the job status. The job status to be written may be "unprocessed", "in execution", "paper jammed", "normally ended", etc.

When the size of the output job file is limited, it
25 is possible for the output jobs to be deleted from the

output job file one by one as soon as they are normally ended. Further, after writing the status, the magneto-optical disk may be automatically ejected.

In the output job file of Fig. 6, it is also
5 possible to register a plurality of image files under one job number. In this case, the job number is designated from the operating section 115 after the magneto-optical disk is inserted into the external storage device 6, and image data corresponding to the designated job number is
10 output in accordance with the designated output mode of the output job file.

As described above, the output job is registered on the computer equipment side, and output control is effected by the compound image input/output apparatus
15 with reference to the output job, whereby the computer equipment need not wait until the termination of the output. Further, by effecting a compression/expansion of image data by the compound image input/output apparatus, high-speed image output is possible, thereby achieving an
20 improvement in operational efficiency.

Next, a facsimile transmission processing method using an image transmission job file, which constitutes a second embodiment of the present invention, will be described.

25 First, when preparing an image transmission job

file, a magneto-optical disk on which a desired image
file has been stored beforehand is inserted into the
external storage device 902, which is connected to the
computer equipment 901, and the desired image file is
5 searched for by reading the data base file prepared on
the magneto-optical disk from the application software of
the computer equipment 901.

When the desired image file is found, a transmission
mode is designated. The transmission mode that can be
10 designated may, for example, be the telephone number of
the destination of transmission, the resolution in
transmission, ECM, or polling. These transmission modes
only differ in items from those used in printing out, so
that they can be stored on the magneto-optical disk in
15 completely the same way as in the case of printing out as
a transmission job file.

Next, when the magneto-optical disk on which the
transmission job has been registered is inserted into the
external storage device 6, the CPU of the file section 5
20 detects, via the SCSI controller, that the magneto-
optical disk has been inserted into the external storage
device 6, and reads the transmission job file. In this
case also, the transmission jobs are sequentially
facsimile-transmitted, starting from the first
25 transmission job registered in the transmission job file,

as in the case of printing out.

Each transmission job registered is given in the transmission job file in such a manner that its job status can be checked. Further, apart from the
5 transmission job file, it is also possible to write a log file to the magneto-optical disk. The data to be written may, for example, be the date/time of registration of the transmission job, the date/time of execution of the output job, the job status, etc. The job status to be
10 written may, for example, be "unprocessed, "in execution", "communication error occurred", "normally ended", etc. When the size of the transmission job file is limited, the transmission jobs may be deleted one by one from the transmission job file as soon as they are
15 ended.

As described above, transmission jobs are registered on the computer equipment side, and transmission control is effected in the compound image input/output apparatus with reference to the transmission jobs, whereby the
20 computer equipment need not wait until the termination of transmission. Further, since a compression/expansion of image data is effected by the compound image input/output apparatus, high-speed image transmission is possible, thereby achieving an improvement in operational
25 efficiency. Further, when in conventional facsimile

apparatuses communication management reports are output to paper, it is possible, in this invention, for such reports to be given through the display of a personal computer.

5 As described above, in accordance with the present invention, an image output job file or an image transmission job file stored in an image output job storage means or image transmission job storage means can be written and read to and from computer equipment,
10 whereby the users are able to distributively perform searching and stock processing of image output jobs or image transmission jobs by using a plurality of computer equipment for each storage medium. Further, on the computer equipment side, transition to another operation
15 can be quickly effected after the registration of image output jobs, image transmission jobs or the like, thereby achieving an improvement in operational efficiency.

Further, image data coding/decoding conversion processing, associated with image output processing,
20 image transmission processing or the like, is managed on the compound image input/output apparatus side, whereby it is possible to restrain an unnecessary increase in cost on the computer equipment side.

Further, regarding the setting of various output
25 modes, it is possible to effectively utilize the various

resources in the compound image input/output apparatus,
whereby it is possible to easily provide a man-to-machine
interface (MMI) having a better operability than the
operating panel of the main body of the copying machine
5 on the application side of the computer equipment.

Except as otherwise disclosed herein, the various
components shown in outline or in block form in the
figures are individually well known and their internal
construction and operation are not critical either to the
10 making or using of this invention or to a description of
the best mode of the invention.

Although the present invention has been described
with reference to preferred embodiments, the present
invention is not restricted to these embodiments, and
15 various modifications are possible without departing from
the scope of the invention as defined in the claims.

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. An image processing apparatus comprising:

input means for inputting image data;

image storage means for storing the image data input

5 by said input means on a detachable storage medium; and

output means for outputting image data stored in

said image storage means in an output mode, in accordance

with output mode data stored on said storage medium by

another apparatus, in correspondence with the image data,

10 wherein said output means outputs the image data in

an output mode corresponding to said output mode data,

without any designation from said image processing

apparatus.

15 2. An image processing apparatus according to Claim

1, wherein said output means outputs the image data, in

which said output mode data is stored, out of the image

data stored on said storage medium, in accordance with

the output mode.

20

3. An image processing apparatus according to Claim

1, wherein the output mode data includes a number of

copies to be output, a number of pages to be output, and

output size data.

25

4. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 2, wherein the output mode data includes a number of copies to be output, a number of pages to be output, and output size data.

5

5. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 1, wherein the output mode data includes data regarding the selection of a mode in which data is output to both sides of a sheet, a mode in which data is output in a sorted form and a mode in which data is output in a stapled form.

10

6. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 2, wherein the output mode data includes data regarding the selection of a mode in which data is output to both sides of a sheet, a mode in which data is output in a sorted form and a mode in which data is output in a stapled form.

15

20 7. An image processing apparatus comprising:
detection means for detecting whether a detachable storage medium, on which image data and output mode data corresponding to said image data are stored, has been loaded; and
25 output means for outputting image data corresponding

25

to the output mode data stored on the storage medium in an output mode corresponding to the output mode data when said detection means detects that the storage medium has been loaded.

5

8. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 7, wherein said output mode data is stored on the storage medium by another apparatus.

10

9. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 7, wherein the output mode data includes data regarding a number of output copies, a number of output pages, and output size.

15

10. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 8, wherein the output mode data includes data regarding a number of output copies, a number of output pages, and output size.

20

11. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 7, wherein the output mode data includes data regarding the selection of a mode in which data is output on both sides of a sheet, a mode in which data is output in a sorted form and a mode in which data is output in a

25

stapled form.

12. An image processing apparatus according to Claim 8, wherein the output mode data includes data regarding the selection of a mode in which data is output on both sides of a sheet, a mode in which data is output
5 in a sorted form and a mode in which data is output in a stapled form.

13. An image processing method comprising the steps of:

- 10 (a) storing image data on a detachable storage medium using image data output apparatus;
- (b) storing output mode data for outputting the image data stored in step (a), in correspondence with the image data, using an apparatus that is different from the
15 image output apparatus;
- (c) loading the storage medium in the image output apparatus; and
- (d) outputting the image data to be output in the output mode stored in step (b) without any designation
20 from the image data output apparatus.

14. An image processing method according to Claim 13, further comprising storing a plurality of files of image data in step (a) and storing different output mode
25 data for different files in step (b).

15. An image processing method according to Claim 13, further comprising a step for storing information regarding whether the output in step (d) has been executed.

ABSTRACT OF DISCLOSURE

When reading image data stored on a detachable storage medium such as a magneto-optical disk and outputting the data using an image outputting device, data regarding modes in which the image data is to be output is stored in advance on a storage medium by an apparatus such as a personal computer, for example, which is different from the image outputting device. By loading the storage medium in the image outputting apparatus, the image data is read out and output in accordance with the stored output mode data, whereby it is possible to prevent the image outputting apparatus from being monopolized for a long period of time and to output data easily in a desired output mode.

FIG. 1

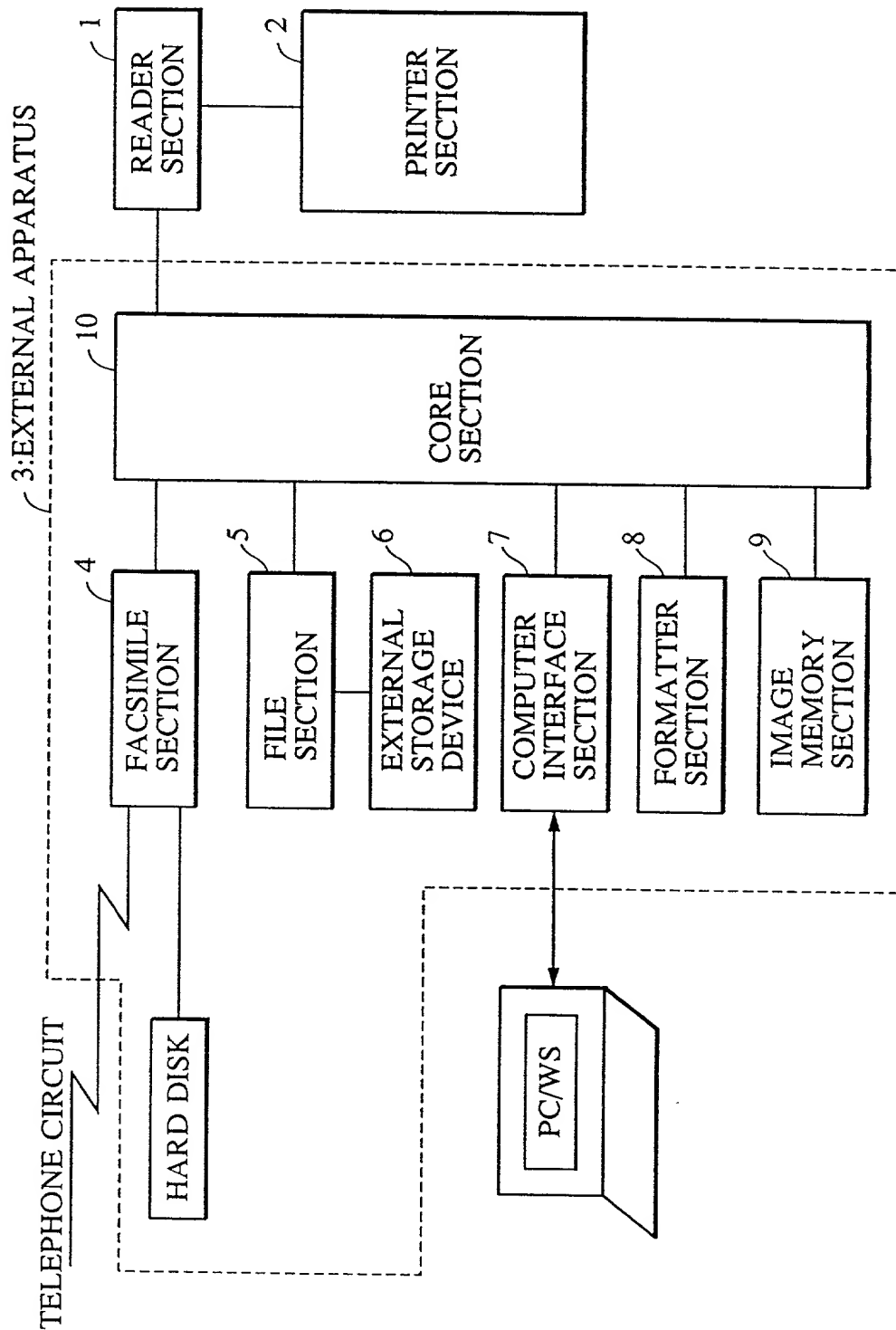


FIG. 2

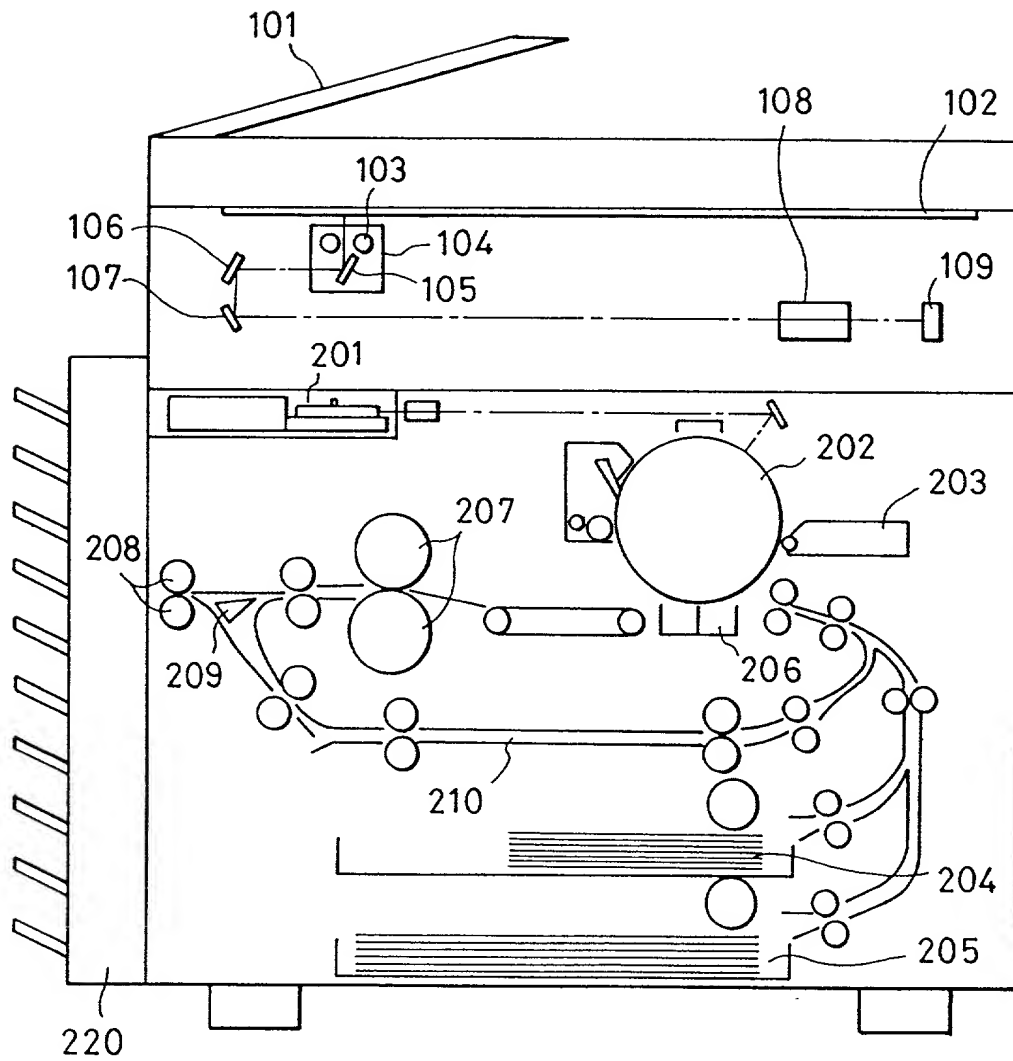


FIG. 3

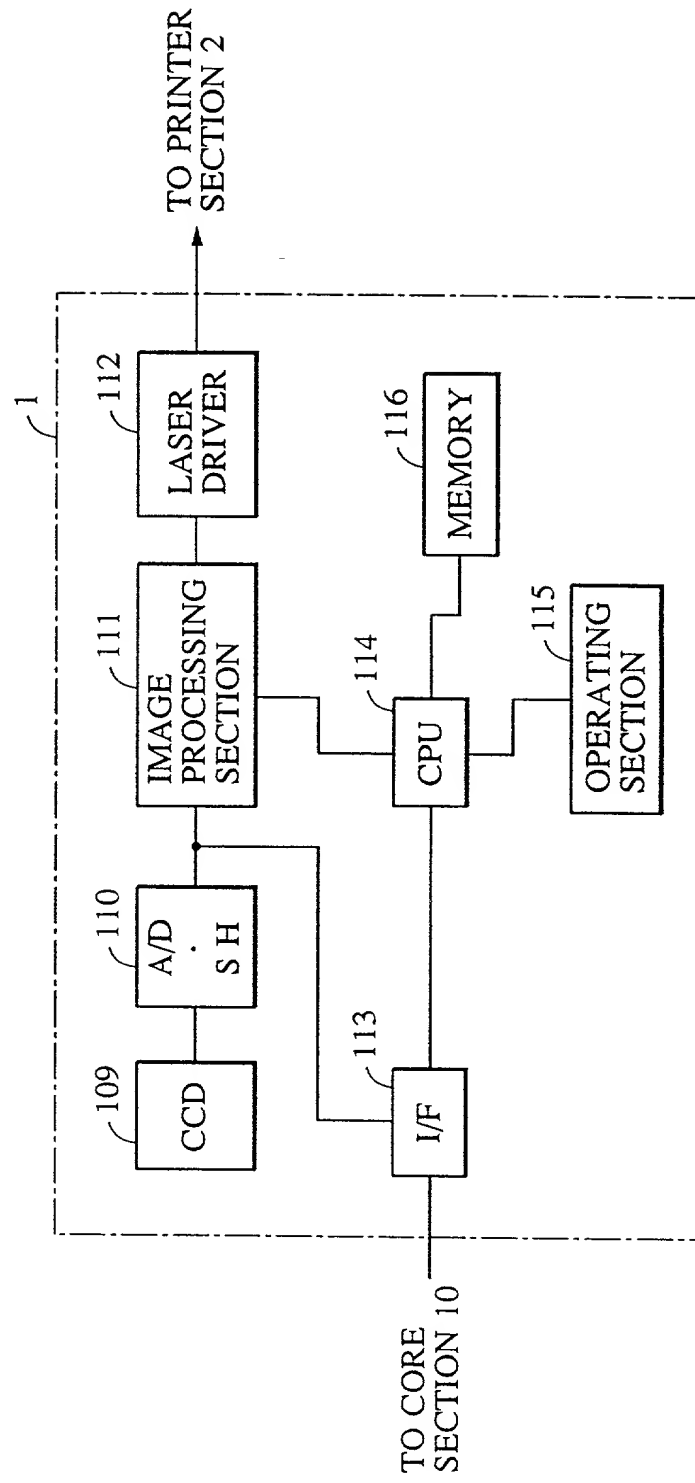


FIG. 4

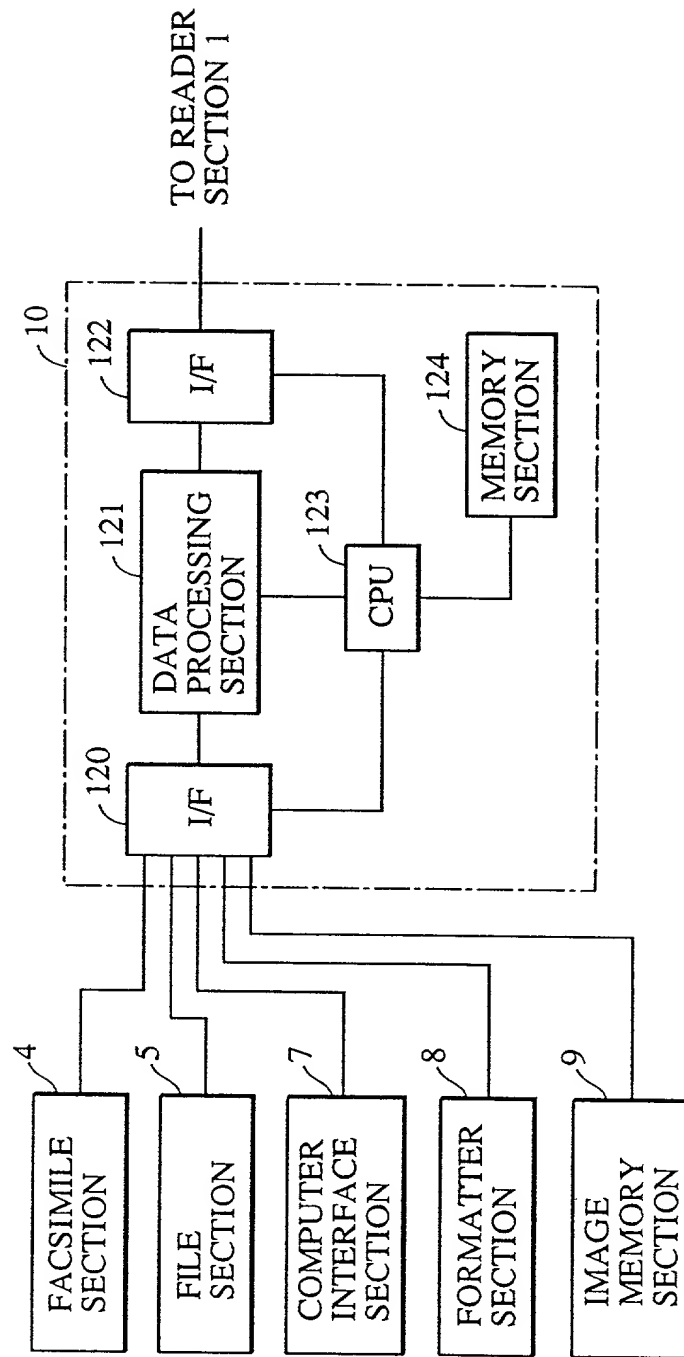


FIG. 5

DOCUMENT NUMBER:3	NAME OF DOCUMENT:MINUTES	NUMBER OF PAGES:10
< DESIGNATE OUTPUT MODE >		
NUMBER OF COPIES		
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DOUBLE-SIDED PRINTING	<input checked="" type="radio"/> DESIRED	
	<input type="radio"/> UNDESIRED	

FIG. 6

NUMBER OF JOBS REGISTERED:3 NUMBER OF JOBS UNPROCESSED:3

JOB NO.	DOC. NO.	NAME OF DOC.	NO. OF PAGES	RANGE OF PAGES	NO. OF COPIES	PAPER SIZE	PAPER DIRECTION	DOUBLE-SIDED PRINTING	SORTING	STAPLING	REG. DATE/TIME	EXEC. DATE/TIME	STATUS
1	3	MINUTES	10	1~10	5	AUTO	AUTO	DESIRED	DESIRED	DESIRED	'93-3-25 10:00	—	UNPROCESSED
2	4	LIST	5	1~1	2	AUTO	AUTO	UNDESIRED	DESIRED	DESIRED	'93-3-25 10:03	—	UNPROCESSED
3	7	CATALOG	1	1~1	1	AUTO	AUTO	UNDESIRED	DESIRED	UNDESIRED	'93-3-25 10:04	—	UNPROCESSED
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CHANGE OK

FIG. 7

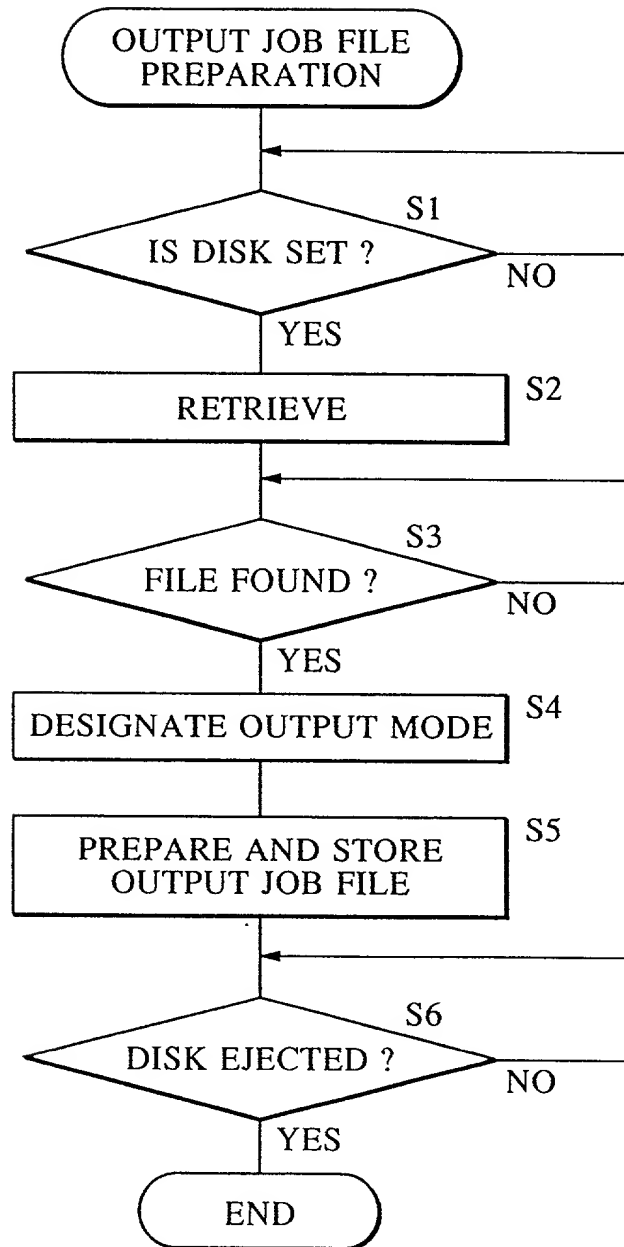


FIG. 8

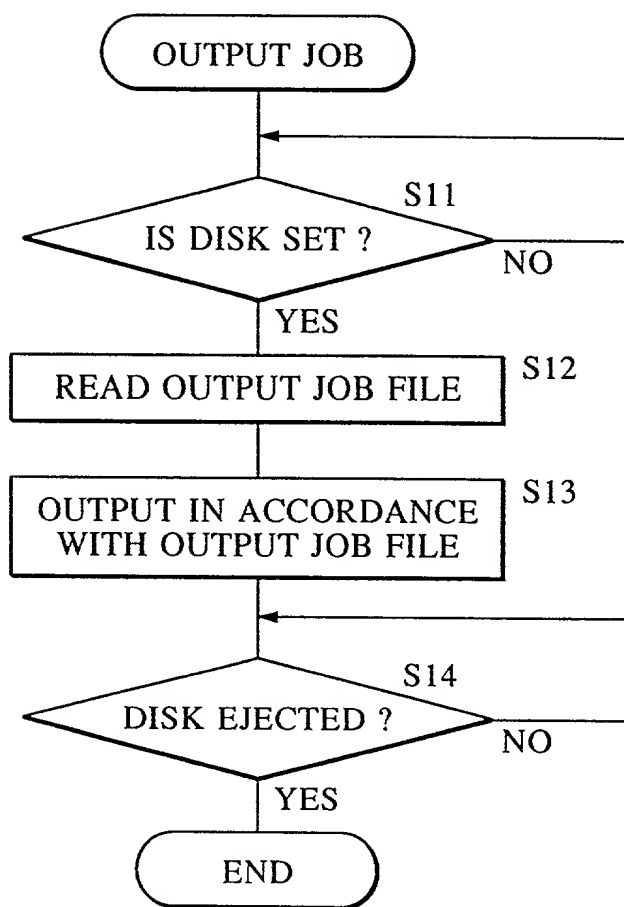
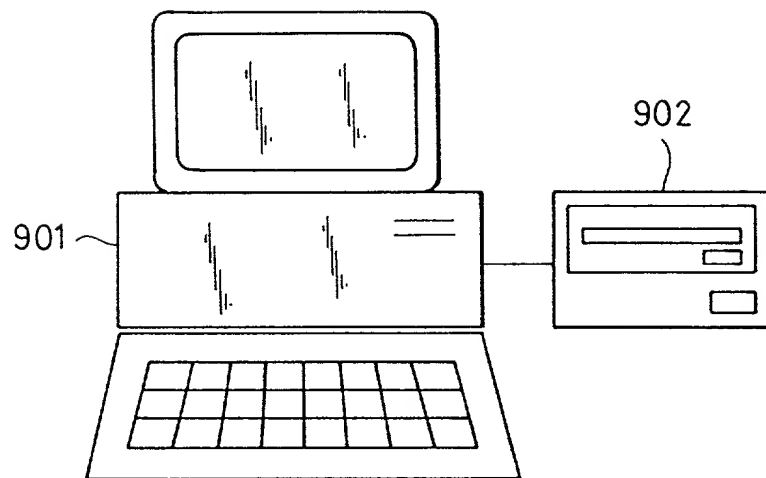


FIG. 9



COMBINED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY FOR PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled IMAGE PROCESSING APPARATUS AND IMAGE PROCESSING
METHOD

the specification of which ☒ is attached hereto: ☐ was filed on _____ as Application Serial No. _____ and was amended on _____ (if applicable).

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the examination of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, §1.56(a).

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, §119 of any foreign applications for patent or inventor's certificate listed below and have also identified below any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed:

<u>Country</u>	<u>Application No.</u>	<u>Filed (Day/Mo./Yr.)</u>	<u>(Yes/No)</u> <u>Priority Claimed</u>
Japan	261221/1994(Pat.)	30/September/1994	Yes

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COINVENTED DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY
FOR PATENT APPLICATION

(Page 2)

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

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Third Inventor's signature _____
Date _____ Citizen/Subject of _____
Residence _____
Post Office Address _____

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Date _____ Citizen/Subject of _____
Residence _____
Post Office Address _____